

Notes 6.5 – Graphing Circles

Last class we learned $x^2 + y^2 = r^2$ makes a graph of a circle with a radius r .

Using Desmos and the notes from last class:

- a. On the graph at right, graph the unit circle.
Scale the graph so each box is $\frac{1}{2}$.

- b. On the same graph, graph the equation of:

$$\underline{(x + 1)^2 + y^2 = 1}$$

- c. How did the graph change?

It moved left one

- d. On the same graph, graph the equation of:

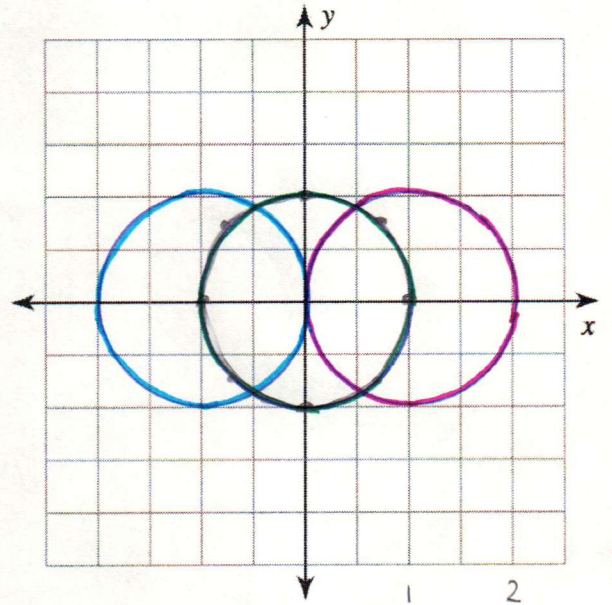
$$\underline{(x - 1)^2 + y^2 = 1}$$

- e. How did the graph change?

it moved right one

- f. On Desmos, change the values that you are adding and subtracting to/from x . What conclusion can you draw about adding or subtracting values to/from x in the equation of a circle.

- when adding, the graph moves left that amount
- when subtracting, the graph moves right that amount



- g. On the graph at right, graph the unit circle.
Scale the graph so each box is $\frac{1}{2}$.

- h. On the same graph, graph the equation of:

$$\underline{x^2 + (y + 1)^2 = 1}$$

- i. How did the graph change?

graph moves down

- j. On the same graph, graph the equation of:

$$\underline{x^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 1}$$

- k. How did the graph change?

graph moves up

- l. On Desmos, change the values that you are adding and subtracting to/from y . What conclusion can you draw about adding or subtracting values to/from y in the equation of a circle.

adding - graph moves down

subtracting - graph moves up

- m. What can we find by looking at the left side of the equation?

the center of the circle

- n. Give the equation for a circle with a center at $(3, -2)$ and a radius of 3.

$$(x - 3)^2 + (y + 2)^2 = 9$$

- o. Give the center and radius for the equation: $(x + 7)^2 + (y - 4)^2 = 36$

Center: $(-7, 4)$ Radius: 6

